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Welcome back

A) Guess who the person is. The words in the box will help you.

scuba diver - referee - judge - van driver - astronomer - headmistress - furniture designer - architect

1.	. He works in a court and can decide if a person should go to p person if he sees that they haven't done anything wrong.		
2.	. People need this person when they want to build new houses. can be done to repair an old building.	. He can give advice about	
3.	. People need this person when they have new houses. They we make and put inside the house to make it look beautiful.	vant him to tell them what th	
4.	. This person works in a school. More often she does not teach in their classes and gives advice about what should be done to		
5.	. This person works under water in seas and oceans. He uses t as long as possible under water. A lot of people do the same a		-
6.	. This person works in a kind of car. He sometimes helps carry to daytime or at night.	things from place to place (_
7.	. This person can tell us if it will be hot, cold, windy, rainy or stor look at things at the sky. He can advise people about what the	-	s
8.	. This person works on a field. He is the only person who can sa send any player out if he sees that the player does not behave		
B)	Choose one of the jobs in exercise A and w not like about it.	rite what you like	and do

A) Complete the following dialogue between a teacher and a student on the first day of the school year.

Student: My favo	burite subject is maths.	
Teacher: Why?		
Student:		
Teacher: Why wo	ould you like to be an architect?	
Student :		
Teacher: Is it only	y because you want to be like your father?	
Student:		
Teacher:		?
	liked this job because I often go with my father to his nd enjoy what he is doing.	
Teacher:		?
Student : No, she	e doesn't like this job. She wants to be like my mothe	r.
Teacher:		?
Student : She is	a doctor.	
B) Complete	the following mini-dialogues.	
<i></i>		
1. Nada :	?	
Reem: Readin	g and watching cartoons.	
2. Jack:	?	
Susan: I'd like	to be a nurse.	
3. Bill: What are	you doing at the moment?	
Peter:		
Bill: Haven't yo	ou finished it?	
Peter:	l'll finish it in half an hour.	
4. Saleh:	?	

Sama: He tells us about the weather.

Student: I like all school subjects.

5. Teacher: ?

Teacher: ?



A) Label the pictures.

















B) Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

put out - break out - battle - rescue - save - rush - report - risk

- 1. Firemen do their best to the lives of other people.
- 2. Fire fighters their lives to make our world a safer place.
- 3. All the people died in the accident but the ambulance could the driver.
- 4. What do firemen do to fires?
- 5. People in villages often to nearby fire stations to tell them about fires.
- 6. Volunteer fire fighters get basic training to help them fires safely.
- 7. Ordinary people fires by using telephones.
- 8. When did that fire?

C) Write a paragraph of six sentences about "Fighting fires and what people should do".

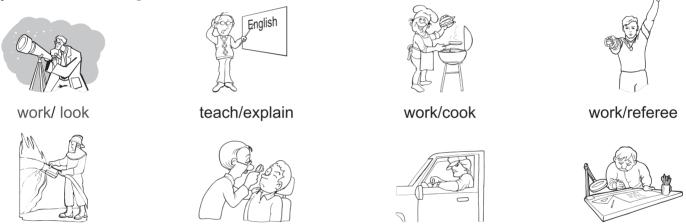
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work/ design

A) Write the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

- 1. He (work) as a teacher but this year he (work) in a restaurant.
- 2. A mechanic (repair) cars.
- 3. She (teach) English at school but she (stay) at home at the moment.
- 4. My mother (clean) the house every day and now she (clean) the kitchen.
- 5. They (watch) a football match and will go to bed after that.
- 6. Look! The sun (rise). It (rise) at this time every day.
- 7. He (make) chairs but he (make) tables this month.
- 8. When I finish what I (do), I will help you.
- 9. Listen! The boys (sing). They (sing) a song at this time every day.
- 10. The earth (go) round the sun but we can't see its movement.

B) Look at the pictures and write sentences.



work/drive

He works as an astronomer....

He is looking at the telescope now

C) Complete the table.

fight/ battle

verb	+ ing
stop	drumming
chat	planning
run	
cut	
put	
hum	

look after/ examine

Let's check

A) Supply the missing letters.



fi - efi - hter



he - dmis - ress



la _ _ er



re - er - e



h – – e



ar - h - tect

B) Choose the correct answer.

1.	Firemen	their lives to make p	eople live peacefully.
	a) save	b) risk	c) rescue
2.	What time doe	s the sun often	?
	a) rise	b) rising	c) rises
3.	Water helps p	utfires.	
	a) away	b) off	c) out
4.	He does not g	et money for what he do	es. He is a
	a) volunteer	b) victim	c) designer
5.	A fire	out on the house n	ext to ours last week.
	a) put	b) broke	c) lighted
6.	I	my homework. I'll finish	it in an hour.
	a) am doing	b) do	c)have done

C) Do as shown between brackets.

1. My dad reads the newspaper every morning.	(Use: at the moment)
2. Susan has fish every Friday.	(Use: now)
3. My brother likes ice cream.	(Change into negative)
4. They play football every weekend.	(Make a question)

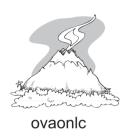
D) Complete the following mini-dialogue.

John:?
Adams: My mother is a dentist.

Earth!

Lesson 1

A) Unscramble and write.









ntdroao

chrnreiau

fspsroore



Ilsddneia



dltia vwea



gkhrteeaau

B) Complete the sentences with words from exercise A.

- 1- A/ Anis a sudden and very strong shaking of the earth's surface.
- 2- Ais a violent storm with very strong winds which are narrow.
- 3- Ais a violent storm with very strong winds which move in a circle.
- 4- Ais a mountain which throws out hot rocks.
- 5- Ais a university teacher of the highest rank.
- 6- Ais a high wave that travels fast across the sea.
- 7- Ais a sudden fall of earth or rocks down the side of a mountain.

C) Complete the sentences below using your own words.

- 1- During a volcano, we should
- 2- During an earthquake, we
- 3- During a tidal wave, we should
- 4- During a tornado, we should
- 5- During a hurricane, we should
- 6- During a landslide, we should



B)

A) Complete the following dialogue between a student and a teacher of geography about natural disasters.

Student:	?
Teacher: Natural dis	asters are events that are not man-made.
Student:	?
Teacher: Yes, of cou	irse. They cause great damage.
Student: Can you gi	ve us examples?
Teacher:	There are a lot of them like,,,
Student:	?
Teacher: I can't tell	you which one is the most dangerous.
Student:	?
Teacher: Because the	nis matter depends on the degree of damage the event causes.
Student: Do you me	an that a tidal wave is sometimes more dangerous than an earthquake?
Teacher:	There are some earthquakes which people can't feel at all.
Student: Thank you	very much.
Teacher:	
Complete the	missing parts in the following mini-dialogue.
1- A:	?
B: An earthquake	happens when the ground shakes and buildings fall down.
2- A:	?
B: Of course not.	A volcano is different from a landslide.
3- A: What should w	re do if there was a tidal wave?
B:	
4- A:	?
B: We should ge	t under a table or something to protect ourselves.
5- A:	to Paris?
B: No. never.	

A) Complete the sente	ences:-		
1- The Earth is the	planet from the planets	s that go	the sun.
2- The Earth spins like a	on its axis.		
3- The Earth's	is an imaginary line that go	es through Earth fr	om the North Pole to
the South Pole.			
4- Earth travels around the s	un in a slightly	shape.	
5- The sun	in the morning and	at night.	
6- It is	on the half of the Earth	n facing the sun.	
7- Earth has	because of th	ne tilt of its axis.	
8- When it is	in the Northern half, it is wint	ter in the Southern	half.
9- The	is an imaginary line around	Earth's middle.	
10- Earth has the right	fo	or life.	
11- Dinosaurs went	about 65 million year	s ago.	
12- Scientists think that Earth	and the moon	about 4-6 billior	years ago.
	o - round - at - for - per - fro		
	<u> </u>		
1- Our car runs22			
2- A lot of kinds of animals liv			
3- Earth spins like a top		vo kilomotomo	
	seschool is about tw	70 Kilometers.	
5- Earth has the right condition		the our	
	r, the top half of Earth is tipped	trie suri.	
7- The club is not far8- There are nine planets that	•		
•		4 41	
C) Write a paragraph of your country.	ot six sentences abou	t the seasons	or the year in
			\longrightarrow

Unit 2

Lesson 4

4)	Finish the sentences with "since", "for" or "ago".
	1- I did my homework an hour
	2- I have had a computerten years.
	3- My sister finished drawing a nice picture two hours
	4- I've lived in the same house was born.
	5- It has rainedthree hours.
	6- We bought this car two months
В)	Write sentences like the example.
	1- I've just cooked a meal.
	I cooked a meal a moment ago.
	2
	3- She has just done her homework.
	5
	- They finished playing a match a moment ago. 6
	- He closed the door a moment ago.
	7- I've just finished painting the room.
	8
	- My father reached home a moment ago.
C)	Correct the verbs in brackets.
	1- We (visit) our aunt a week ago.
	2- My brother (just watch) a film on TV.
	3- My cousins (just arrive) at our house.
	4- He (phone) his friend a week ago.
	5- They (just play) a football match.

Let's check

A) Supply the missing letters.



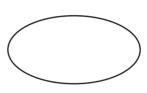
I - nd - lide



prof - s - or



v – I – ano



o – a –





d - nos - ur

(When)

B) Choose the correct answer.

- 1- The _____is an imaginary line around Earth's middle.
- b) equator
- c) pole
- 2- Earth makes a complete turnits axis every 24 hours.
- b) at

- c) on
- 3- The temperature in Egypt in April is 28 degrees.
- b) middle
- c) centre
- 4- A.....is a violent storm with very strong winds which move in a circle.
 - a) tornado
- b) hurricane
- c) tidal wave
- 5- She did the ironing two hours.....
 - a) just
- b) ago

- c) for
- 6- The Earth is a.....
 - a) star
- b) system
- c) planet
- 7- The sun.....in the morning.
 - a) rises
- b) arises
- c) raises

- 8- Earth has.....because of the tilt of its axis.
 - a) days
- b) months
- c) seasons

C) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets.

- 1- He wrote a letter a moment ago.
- 2- I've just ironed my shirt.

3- Scientists think that the Earth and the moon formed about 4-6 billion years ago.

Unit 3

Scoutings

Lesson 1

A) Label the pictures.













f---- a--

B) Complete the sentences with "go", "do" or "make".

- 1- We willhiking in the countryside next weekend.
- 2- Who willthe dinner?
- 3- My friends and I oftencommunity service during the summer holiday.
- 4- Boy scouts willcamping next month.
- 5- When do youyour homework?
- 6- Good students do not oftenmistakes.

C) Write five sentences about the qualities of a good scout.

- 1- A good scout should be
- 2- A good scout should
- 3-.....
- 4-....
- 5-....

A) Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue: Nada had an interview with a boy scout.

Nada:	I'm very pleased to have this interview with you.
Scout:	
Nada:	May I ask you some questions?
Scout:	
Nada:	?
Scout:	I joined it five years ago.
Nada:	Are you happy with what you do?
	?
	Scouting teaches us a lot of skills that make us able to live properly in the future. What can scouts do?
	like community service and volunteer work.
	A scout should be loyal, trustworthy and cheerful.
	Of course. Every stage has a different uniform. Besides, the boy's uniform is different from a girl's.
Nada:	Thank you very much for giving me such an interview.
Com	plete the missing parts in the following mini-dialogues.
1- A:	?
B: B	oy scouts wear khaki uniforms.
	/hat is a volunteer?
	?
B: Ye	es, of course. The train station is at the end of the third street on your right.
4- A: W	/ould you like to be a scout?
	?
B: O	f course, I did. It was a very exciting match.

B)



A) Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

ranks - cooperation - levels - organization - leadership - community service - citizens - environment - activities - skills

	1- The Boy Scouts i	s a worldwide	for young people.
	2- Scouting teaches	s young people to be (good
	3- Boy scouts learn	useful	while having fun.
	4- Scouts learn how	to protect the	
	5- The scout	include m	naking arts and crafts, and learning first aid.
	6- Scouts often do	and	volunteer work.
	7- Scouts advance 1	through the	by learning new skills and earning badges.
	8- Scouts learn tear	nwork and	by working together.
	9- There are four ma	ain	of the Boy Scouts of America.
	10- Venturing progra	ammes help young pe	eople to developskills.
B)	Match the wo	rds to the defin	nitions.
	1- kind	a- a person that	people can depend on.
	2- cheerful	b- firm and not o	changing in a friendship with or support for a person.
	3- trustworthy	c- a person who	is willing to offer aid to other people.
	4- helpful	d- a person who	is good to others.
	5- obedient	e- a person who	o follows rules and carry out orders.
	6- loyal	f- a person who	is always happy.
C)	Write a parage would like to	-	tences about the activities you can or

A) Complete the sentences with "will" or "be going to".

1- The doorbell is ringing. I open the door.
2- There are dark clouds in the sky. It rain.
3- My sister be eight next week.
4- We've planned to spend the summer holiday in Alexandria. Westay with our uncle.
5- I 've lost my pencil. Ilook for it now.
6- I expect it be hot tomorrow.
7- Hestudy medicine at university.
8- When the train leave?
9- He is late. I phone him to know where he is.
10- I to practise judo this year.

B) Complete the table.

Verb	+ ed	+ ing
- reply rely - fry vary	carried	drying
- bury - try		hurrying

Let's check

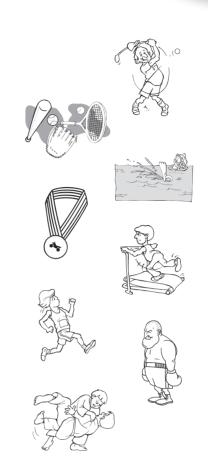
A)	Give one word	for.		
	1- Someone who follo	ows rules and carrie	es out orders.	()
	2- An activity for your	ig people.		()
	3- Someone who doe	es work willingly with	nout being paid for it.	()
	4- A young boy or girl	who belongs to a d	certain group.	()
				()
-				,
B)	Choose the co	rrect answer.		
	1- The doorbell is ring			
	a) 'll	b) 'm going	c) have	
	2- When did you	schoo	l?	
	a) meet	b) join	c) learn	
	3- The Boy Scouts	you	ng boys and girls to be	good citizens.
	a) learns	b) practices	c) teaches	
	4- How often do you	hil	king?	
	a) make	b) go	c) do	
	5- A mechanic is a pe	erson who can	cars.	
	a) fix	b) wear	c) earn	
	6- Scouts learn how t	o	in the outdoors.	
	a) survive	b) rescue	c) require	
	7- Scouts often	commu	inity service and volunte	eer work.
	a) make	b) do	c) go	
	8- Boys who are	least e	eight years old can join t	the Cub scouts.
	a) on	b) in	c) at	
C)	Rewrite the fol	lowing sente	nces using the w	ord(s) in brackets.
	1- They have planne	d to spend the sum	mer holiday in Spain.	(going)
	2- He has decided to	answer the phone		('II')
	3- My sister studies h	ner lessons every d	ау.	(now)
	4- He carries his bag	when he goes to s	chool.	(Yesterday)

Olympic Games

Lesson 1

A) Unscramble and write.

- 1- ath - ing
- 2- fitness If
- 3- sports do
- 4- go - dal
- 5- box - lete
- 6- ju - mming
- 7- swi exercises
- 8- me equipment



B) Complete each sentence with a suitable verb in the correct form.

- 1- Iswimming every Friday.
- 2- My brother has neverany prizes.
- 3- How often do youfitness exercises?
- 4- My sistersecond in the reading competition.
- 5- I have neverjudo.
- 6- My cousin would like togolf at the park

C) Write a paragraph of six sentences about your favourite sport.



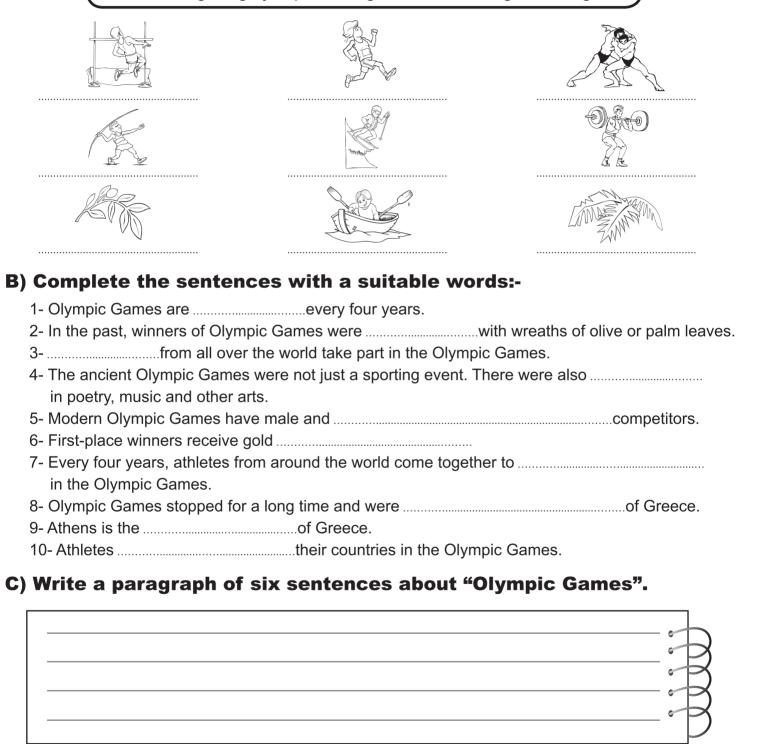
B)

A) Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue between Saleh and a footballer.

Saleh	:?
Footballer:	: My name is Ronaldino and I'm 22 years old.
Saleh	:?
Footballer:	I play football.
Saleh	:?
Footballer:	I play for Barcelona football team.
Saleh	:?
Footballer:	I started playing football when I was ten years old.
Saleh	: When did you join Barcelona team?
Footballer:	
Saleh	: How much do you earn?
Footballer:	but I can tell you it's enough.
Saleh	:?
Footballer:	In the future, I'd like to play for Manchester United.
Saleh	: Which goal do you always remember?
Footballer:	
Saleh	: That was in the final match in the World Cup 2006.
Write w	hat you would say in each of the following situations.
	your cousin about the kind of sport he does.
2- You ask	your teacher about the best advice to study your lessons.
	end asks you about your hope for the future.
	a footballer about the number of prizes he has won.
	nt to know the period of time someone has played tennis.

A) Label the picture. Use the words in the box.

wreath of olive - palm leaves - wrestling - weightlifting - spear throwing - high jump - rowing - downhill skiing - running



Unit 4

Lesson 4

A) Use "few" or "little".

- 1- There aren't many cars in the street.
- 2- There isn't much water in the bottle.
- 3- There aren't many books in our bookcase.
- 4- There aren't many computers in the computer lab.
- 5- There isn't much money in my pocket.
- 6- There isn't much soup in the bowl.
- 7- There aren't many players on the playground.
- 8- There isn't much juice in the cup.
- 9- There isn't much sugar in my tea.
- 10- There aren't many cars in the garage.

B) Make questions.

- 1- There are four trees in our garden.
- 2- There is some flour in the bag.
- 3- There are three bottles of ink on my desk.
- 4- She bought six packets of tea.
- 5- I drank a little water.
- 6- I saw six birds in the tree.

C) Complete the table.

Verb	Noun
- agree	-
	- enjoyment
- appoint	
	- movement
- establish	

Let's check

A) Supply the missing letters.









B) Choose the correct answer.

- 1- Will youpart in the reading competition?
 - a) take

- b) make
- c) do
- 2- In the past, the winners of Olympic Games werewith wreaths of olive or palm leaves.
 - a) held

- b) crowned
- c) competed
- 3- How many countries participatedthe last Olympic Games.
 - a) on

b) at

- c) in
- 4- Where were the first Olympic Games?
 - a) participated
- b) held

- c) joined
- 5-always receive medals.
 - a) Athletes
- b) Competitors
- c) Winners

- 6-is a water sport.
 - a) Rowing
- b) Snowboarding
- c) Wrestling
- 7- Winter Games and Summer Games nowtwo years a part.
 - a) participate
- b) continue
- c) occur
- 8- Howstudents are there in your classroom?
 - a) much
- b) long

c) many

C) Do as shown in brackets.

1- Nine countries participated in the first Olympic Games.

(Make a question)

2- There are a lot of animals on the farm.

(Change into negative)

3- She has a packet of tea.

(Change into plural)

4- There is not much oil in the bottle.

(use "little")





A)	Write	the	words	in	the	correct	group	S.

wind - coal - water - the sun - oil - natural gas

Non - renewable	Renewable

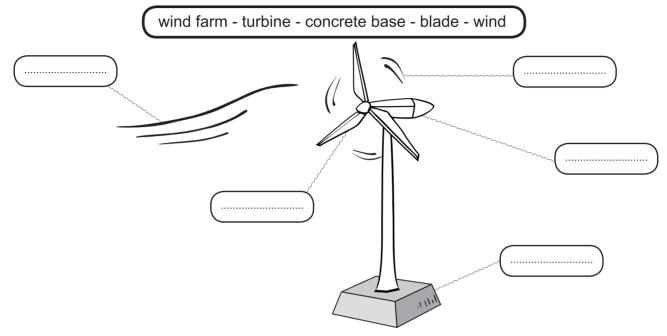
B) Fill in the blanks with the words in the box.

energy - electricity - wind farms - forever - generators - stations

- 1- We all needin our houses, offices and factories.
- 2- Powerneed oil to continue working.
- 3- We can getfrom the sun.
- 4- Renewable energy can last
- 5-are built in areas where there are no buildings.
- 6-are machines that produce electricity.

C) Write four sentences about the importance of electricity in our life.

A) Label the picture. Use the words in the box.



B) Complete the sentences with suitable words.

- 1.energy is the energy we get from the sun.
- 2. Ais something that carries electricity from a place to another.
- 3.energy is a kind of energy that can last for long.
- 4. Wind farms are built onor
- 5.power is a kind of power generated from water.
- 6. Wind farms are built in places where the windstrongly.

C) Supply the missing parts in the following mini - dialogues.

- 1. A:?
 - B: You just press this button and the machine will work.
- 2. A: How long have you been a tennis player?
 - B:
 - A: That's not long.
- 3. A:?
 - B: There is no need for them. I won't colour the picture now.
- 4. A: Could you close the window, please?
 - B: Yes, I'll do at once.
- 5. A:?
 - B: This tree is seven metres tall.

A) Give one word for.	
1. Kind of resources that can be replaced.	()
2. Kind of resources which is found on Earth and supports life	like
plants, animals and water.	()
3. A kind of energy that cannot be replaced easily.	()
4. A kind of fuel that we use in our cars and homes.	()
5. A thing that uses water to make electricity.	()
6. The protection and wise use of natural resources.	()
7. To keep something to use later.	()
8. A way of using things again and again.	()
cut down - come from - use up - run o throw away - do something	· •
1	
2	
3	
4. 5.	
6.	
7	
C) Write a paragraph of six sentences about sources of energy."	"How to save the

A) Fill in the blanks with "since" or "for".

1. My father has had a car	ten years.
2. I haven't eaten meat	two weeks.
3. My sister hasn't read an English story	yOctober.
4. My cousin hasn't slept	7 o'clock in the morning.

5. He hasn't written to metwo months.

6. They haven't played footballFriday.

B) Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets.

1. I last watched TV two months ago.	(for)
2. My grandfather last read the paper last Friday.	(since)
3. I have learned English since 2004.	(for)
4. She finished cleaning her room a moment ago.	(just)
5. The last time my father bought me a new T-shirt was three months ago.	(for)
6. We last swam in the sea last summer.	(since)
7. I last logged onto the internet four days ago.	(for)
8. The last time I drank tea was this morning.	(since)
9. He travelled to England and he is still there.	(He has)
10. He went to Alexandria and came back.	(He has)

C) Complete the table.

Verb	Noun
- express	
- invite	
- explore	
- discuss	
- divide	
- decide	
- revise	<u>-</u>